# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Issue: July 1, 2015

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** 

: Umaco Elastoflex

Other means of

: Not available

identification

Product type

: Liquid

## Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** 

: Industrial applications, used by spraying

Use of the substance/

: Coating

mixture

Uses advised against

: Not applicable

Supplier

: Umaco, Inc.

60 Rear Newhall Street Lowell, MA 01852

Emergency telephone

number

. (800) 424-9300

**Technical Phone Number** 

: (978) 453-8881

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A** 

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity: 50%

**GHS label elements** 

**Hazard** pictograms





Signal word

: Janger

**Hazard statements** 

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May cause cancer.

Page: 1/14

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Precautionary statements**

Prevention

: Dotain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Avoid breathing vapor. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Photosensitive agents: In case of accidental eye contact, avoid concurrent exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light which may increase the sensitivity of the eyes. In case of accidental skin contact, avoid concurrent exposure to the sun or other sources of UV light which may increase the sensitivity of skin.

Storage

: Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. **1-component mixtures:** formaldehyde is released during curing. Formaldehyde may cause irreversible effects, is irritating to the mucous membranes and may cause skin sensitization. Emits toxic fumes when heated.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
<b>I</b> mestone	≥10 - <25	1317-65-3
titanium dioxide	≥5 - <10	13463-67-7
zinc oxide	≥3 - <5	1314-13-2
propane-1,2-diol	≥1 - <3	57-55-6
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	≥0.3 - <1	14808-60-7
octhilinone (ISO)	≥0.1 - <0.3	26530-20-1

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Page: 2/14

## Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact : Kemove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids

apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

In case of accidental eye contact, avoid concurrent exposure to the sun or other

sources of UV light which may increase the sensitivity of the eyes.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained

personnel.

Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water

or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

In case of accidental skin contact, avoid concurrent exposure to the sun or other

sources of UV light which may increase the sensitivity of skin.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep

person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms ma

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

Page: 3/14

# **Section 5. Fire-fighting measures**

## **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Page: 4/14

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Frey Free 1 C

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Special precautions

: If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.

Advice on general occupational hygiene Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

**United States** Page: 5/14

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Zmestone Zmestone	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
titanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.
zinc oxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form:
	Respirable fraction
	TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
propane-1,2-diol	IPEL (PPG).
	TWA: 10 mg/m³
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 4/2014).
	TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable
	TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours.
	Form: Respirable
	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States).
	TWA: 30 mg/m³ Form: Total dust
octhilinone (ISO)	None.

	Key to abbreviations					
Α	= Acceptable Maximum Peak	S	=	Potential skin absorption		
ACGIH	= American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.	SR	=	Respiratory sensitization		
С	= Ceiling Limit	SS	=	Skin sensitization		
F	= Fume	STEL	=	Short term Exposure limit values		
IPEL	= Internal Permissible Exposure Limit	TD	=	Total dust		
OSHA	= Occupational Safety and Health Administration.	TLV	=	Threshold Limit Value		
R	= Respirable	TWA	=	Time Weighted Average		
Z	= OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances					

### Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

procedures

Recommended monitoring : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

	Page: 6/14
1	

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection Skin protection : Safety glasses with side shields.

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Gloves** 

: butyl rubber polyethylene

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before

handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Characteristic.

Odor threshold : Not available. pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

**Boiling point** : >37.78°C (>100°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 113.33°C (236°F) [Product does not sustain combustion.]

Page: 7/14

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature

: Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** 

: Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosive

: Upper: 0%

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Evaporation rate Vapor pressure

: Not available.

Vapor density

: Not available.

Relative density

: 1.34

Density (lbs/gal)

: 11.18

Solubility

: Soluble in the following materials: cold water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

Viscosity

: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >0.21 cm²/s (>21 cSt)

Volatility

: 55% (v/v), 41.432% (w/w)

% Solid. (w/w)

: 58.568

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions:

oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon

dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
manium dioxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
octhilinone (ISO)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	0.69 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	0.55 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin Eyes There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

**Sensitization** 

**Conclusion/Summary** 

Skin

There are no data available on the mixture itself.There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Respiratory

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
ranium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	-	2B 1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

### Carcinogen Classification code:

IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, 4

NTP: Known to be a human carcinogen; Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

OSHA: +

Not listed/not regulated: -

#### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

**Teratogenicity** 

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category
crystalline silica, respirable powder (<10 microns)	Category 1

Page: 9/14

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Target organs

: Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

### Information on the likely routes of exposure

## Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation
Skin contact

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

: No specific data.

Inhalation

: No specific data.

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion

: No specific data.

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Conclusion/Summary

: There are no data available on the mixture itself. **1-component mixtures:** formaldehyde is released during curing. Formaldehyde may cause irreversible effects, is irritating to the mucous membranes and may cause skin sensitization. This product contains crystalline silica which can cause lung cancer or silicosis. The risk of cancer depends on the duration and level of exposure to dust from sanding surfaces or mist from spray applications. Acrylate components of the mixture have irritating properties. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin or mucous membrane may result in irritation symptoms, such as redness, blistering, dermatitis etc. May cause allergic skin reactions with repeated exposure. The inhalation of airborne droplets or aerosols may cause irritation of the respiratory tract. Ingestion may cause nausea, weakness and central nervous system effects. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

### Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

effects

Potential delayed effects: There are no data available on the mixture itself.

### Potential chronic health effects

General

: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity

: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Page: 10/14

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	158119.5 mg/kg

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
	Acute EC50 0.481 mg/l Fresh water		48 hours 48 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propane-1,2-diol octhilinone (ISO)	-0.92 2.45	-	low low

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## **Section 13. Disposal considerations**

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

Page: 11/14

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

# 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (zinc oxide)
Transport hazard class (es)	-	9	9
Packing group	-	III	III
Environmental hazards Marine pollutant substances	No. Not applicable.	Yes. (zinc oxide)	Yes. Not applicable.

### **Additional information**

DOT

: None identified.

**IMDG** 

: Inhis product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.

**IATA** 

: This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

### **United States**

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

#### SARA 302/304

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

### **SARA 311/312**

Classification

: Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Page: 12/14

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
manium dioxide crystalline silica, respirable powder	No. No.	No. No.	No. No.	No. No.	Yes. Yes.
(<10 microns) octhilinone (ISO)	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

### **SARA 313**

Chemical name

CAS number

Concentration

Supplier notification

: zinc oxide

1314-13-2

1 - 5

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

## Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 \* Flammability: 1 Physical hazards:

(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

Date of previous issue : 6/7/2015
Organization that prepared : EHS

the MSDS

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Page: 13/14

# Section 16. Other information

### <u>Disclaimer</u>

We believe the statements, technical information and recommendations contained herein are reliable, but they are given without warranty or guarantee of any kind. The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy oneself as to the suitability and completeness of this information for the user's own particular use.

Page: 14/14